

2960.3000 FOSTER FAMILY SETTINGS.

Subpart 1. **Purpose and applicability.** Parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3100 establish the minimum standards that a foster family setting must meet to qualify for licensure. Parts 2960.3200 to 2960.3230 contain requirements for foster residence settings. Additional licensing requirements for foster family settings that offer treatment foster care are in parts 2960.3300 to 2960.3340.

Subp. 2. **Outcomes.** One of the goals of foster care must be that the foster child will experience a safe and healthy family life. The license holder must also promote the child's development as a physically and mentally healthy person. To accomplish these outcomes, the license holder must:

A. actively participate with the agency placing the child, to implement the case plan and meet the needs of the child; and

B. as much as possible, considering the child's age, the child's needs, and the case plan, include the child in the daily life of the family, including eating meals with the family and participating in recreational activities.

Subp. 3. **Community interests.** The license holder must rely on the advice and counsel of the advisory board or board of directors of the licensing agency regarding community interests and the needs of the community served by the foster home. A license holder, who is supervised by a county, may rely on the advice and counsel of the supervising county and its employees regarding community interests and the needs of the clients and community. The requirements of this subpart do not apply to foster homes licensed by the Department of Corrections.

Subp. 4. **Statement of intended use.** The license holder must work with the licensing agency to develop a statement of intended use. The statement of intended use must specify:

A. the number of children the foster home is licensed for, the age range of children to be placed in the home, and any limitations affecting the placement of children in the home;

B. whether or not the home will serve as an emergency shelter home, a treatment foster care home, or a home for medically fragile children; and

C. circumstances when the ratio of one adult to five children does not need to be maintained.

The statement of intended use must be approved by the licensing agency, but may be modified at any time by agreement between the licensing agency and the license holder to reflect changes that affect the placement of children in the home.

Subp. 5. **Program outcomes.** The license holder must cooperate with the licensing agency's attempt to determine the outcomes of a child's foster care placement. The outcome information must be shared with the license holder and incorporated into the evaluation process outlined in part 2960.3100, subpart 1, item G.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

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2960.3010 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The terms used in parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340 have the meanings given them in this part.

Subp. 2. **Applicant.** "Applicant" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.02, subdivision 3, and a person who has completed and signed an application form. Applicant includes a current license holder who is seeking relicensure or recertification.

Subp. 3. **Assessment.** "Assessment" means the process used by a qualified person to identify and evaluate the child's strengths, weaknesses, problems, and needs.

Subp. 4. **Aversive procedure.** "Aversive procedure" has the meaning given in part 9525.2710, subpart 4.

Subp. 5. **Basic services.** "Basic services" means services provided at the foster home to the foster child that meets the foster child's basic need for food, shelter, clothing, medical and dental care, personal cleanliness, privacy, spiritual and religious practice, safety, and adult supervision.

Subp. 6. **Caregiver.** "Caregiver" means a person who provides services to a child according to the child's case plan in a setting licensed or certified under parts 2960.0010 to 2960.3340.

Subp. 7. **Case manager.** "Case manager" means the supervising agency responsible for developing, implementing, and monitoring the case plan.

Subp. 8. **Case plan.** "Case plan" means a plan of care for a foster child that is developed by the supervising agency with the child's parents and license holder and monitored by the placing agency.

Subp. 9. **Chemical.** "Chemical" means alcohol, solvents, and other mood altering substances, including controlled substances as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 152.01, subdivision 4.

Subp. 10. [Repealed, 32 SR 2268]

Subp. 11. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Human Services or the commissioner of the Department of Corrections.

Subp. 12. **Cultural competence or culturally competent.** "Cultural competence" or "culturally competent" means a set of congruent behaviors, attitudes, and policies that come together in a system, agency, or among professionals to work effectively in cross-cultural situations.

Subp. 13. **Deprivation procedure.** "Deprivation procedure" has the meaning given in part 9525.2710, subpart 12.

Subp. 14. **Direct contact.** "Direct contact" means providing face-to-face care, training, supervision, counseling, consultation, or medication assistance to a child.

Subp. 15. **Disability.** "Disability" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 363A.03, subdivision 12.

Subp. 16. **Discipline.** "Discipline" means the use of reasonable, age-appropriate consequences designed to modify and correct behavior according to a rule or system of rules governing conduct.

Subp. 17. **Education.** "Education" means the regular and special education and related services to which school-age children are entitled as required by applicable law and rule.

Subp. 18. **Emotional disturbance.** "Emotional disturbance" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4871, subdivision 15.

Subp. 19. **Family.** "Family" means persons related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption, or an individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact.

Subp. 20. **Foster care.** "Foster care" has the meaning given in part 9560.0521, subpart 9.

Subp. 21. **Foster child.** "Foster child" means a person under 18 years of age, a person in special education, or a juvenile under the jurisdiction of a juvenile court who is under 22 years of age and is placed in a foster home.

Subp. 22. **Foster family or household members.** "Foster family or household members" means persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and unrelated persons who are presently residing together.

Subp. 23. **Foster family setting.** "Foster family setting" means the foster home in which the license holder resides.

Subp. 24. **Foster home.** "Foster home" means the dwelling unit used by the license holder to provide foster care to the foster child.

Subp. 25. **Foster parent.** "Foster parent" means an individual licensed under Minnesota Statutes to provide foster care.

Subp. 26. **Foster residence setting.** "Foster residence setting" means a foster home in which the license holder does not reside.

Subp. 27. **License.** "License" means written authorization issued by the commissioner of human services or corrections allowing the license holder to provide foster care service at a foster home for a specified time and in accordance with the terms of the license and the rules of the commissioner of human services or corrections.

Subp. 28. **License holder.** "License holder" means an individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, or other organization or entity that is legally responsible for the operation of the foster home that has been granted a license by the commissioner of human services under Minnesota Rules and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245A, or the commissioner of corrections under Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021, subdivision 2. The duties of the license holder may be discharged by a person designated by the license holder to act on behalf of the license holder.

Subp. 29. **Licensed professional.** "Licensed professional" means a person qualified to complete a diagnostic evaluation, including a physician licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147, or a qualified mental health professional licensed under Minnesota Statutes, section 148B.18, subdivision 10, or a person defined as a "mental health professional" in Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4871, subdivision 27.

Subp. 30. **Licensing agency.** "Licensing agency" means a county, individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, the Department of Corrections, or other organization or entity that recommends licensure of an applicant for a license or license renewal to the state according to parts 9543.0010 to 9543.0150.

Subp. 31. **Medication assistance.** "Medication assistance" means helping children take medication and monitoring the effects of medication but does not include administering injections. For purposes of this subpart, "medication" means a prescribed substance that is used to prevent or treat a condition or disease, to heal, or to relieve pain.

Subp. 32. **Person assisted by medical technology.** "Person assisted by medical technology" means a person who has a chronic or acute health condition which requires the routine use of a medical device to assist or maintain a life-sustaining body function and requires ongoing care or monitoring by trained personnel on at least a daily basis.

Subp. 33. **Placing agency.** "Placing agency" means a private agency licensed according to parts 9545.0755 to 9545.0845 or a county agency that places a child according to parts 9560.0500 to 9560.0670.

Subp. 34. **Psychotropic medication.** "Psychotropic medication" means a medication prescribed to treat mental illness and associated behaviors or to control or alter behavior. The major classes of psychotropic medication are antipsychotic or neuroleptic, antidepressant, antianxiety, antimania, stimulant, and sedative or hypnotic. Other miscellaneous classes of medication are considered to be psychotropic medication when they are specifically prescribed to treat a mental illness or to alter behavior based on a foster child's diagnosis.

Subp. 35. **Residential program.** "Residential program" means a program that provides 24-hour-a-day care, supervision, food, lodging, rehabilitation, training, education,

habilitation, or treatment for a child outside of the child's home pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245A.

Subp. 36. **Respite care.** "Respite care" means temporary care of foster children in a licensed foster home other than the foster home the child was placed in.

Subp. 37. **Screening.** "Screening" means an examination of a child by means of a test, interview, or observation to determine if the child is likely to have a condition that requires assessment or treatment.

Subp. 38. **Seclusion.** "Seclusion" means confining a person in a locked room.

Subp. 39. **Shelter care or emergency shelter care.** "Shelter care" or "emergency shelter care" means a residential program offering short-term, time-limited placements of 90 days or less to children who are in a behavioral or situational crisis, need out-of-home placement in a protective environment, and have an immediate need for services.

Subp. 40. **Staff.** "Staff" means a person who works for a foster residence setting license holder and is employed to work as an hourly employee, shift-staff employee, or houseparent.

Subp. 41. **Substitute care.** "Substitute care" means temporary care of foster children inside the foster home by someone other than the foster parent for overnight or longer.

Subp. 42. **Time-out.** "Time-out" means a treatment intervention in which a caregiver trained in time-out procedures removes a child from an ongoing activity to an unlocked room or area commonly used as a living space that is safe and where the child remains until the precipitating behavior abates or stops.

Subp. 43. **Treatment foster care.** "Treatment foster care" means a culturally relevant, community-based and family-based method by which planned, integrated treatment services are provided to foster children and their parents by foster parents who are qualified to deliver treatment services. Treatment service may be provided to children with severe emotional disturbance, developmental disabilities, serious medical conditions, or serious behavioral problems, including, but not limited to, criminal sexual conduct, assaultiveness, or substance abuse.

Subp. 44. **Treatment plan.** "Treatment plan" means a written plan of intervention, treatment, and services for a child in a foster setting that is developed by a license holder or placing agency on the basis of a child's screening, assessment, and case plan. The treatment plan, which is developed with the child and the child's parents, identifies goals and objectives of treatment, treatment strategy, a schedule for accomplishing treatment goals and objectives, and the entities responsible for providing treatment services to the child.

Subp. 45. **Variance.** "Variance" means written permission from the commissioner of human services or corrections for a license holder to depart from a rule standard for a specific period of time pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 9.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09; 254A.03; 254B.03; 254B.04*

History: *28 SR 211; 32 SR 2268*

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2960.3020 LICENSING PROCESS.

Subpart 1. **License required.** An individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, other organization, or controlling individual must not provide foster care without a license from the commissioner of human services or corrections unless an exclusion specified in this chapter or Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.03, subdivision 2, applies.

Subp. 2. **Application.** Application for a license must be made to the county agency in the county where the applicant resides or to a Minnesota-licensed child placing agency on a form approved by the commissioner of human services. Group foster homes licensed by the Department of Corrections under chapter 2925 and Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021, subdivision 2, as of the adoption of this chapter, may apply to the Department of Corrections for a foster care license according to subpart 12. An application for licensure is complete when the applicant signs the license application and submits all of the information required in this subpart.

Subp. 3. **License does not guarantee placement.** Licensure under parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340 is not an entitlement, a right, or a guarantee that children will be placed in the foster home. The agency responsible for the child retains the right to choose which licensed foster home is best suited for an individual child in need of foster care placement.

Subp. 4. **License not transferable.** A license under parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340 is not transferable to another person, entity, or site.

Subp. 5. **Commissioner's right of access.** The commissioner of human services' right of access must be according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 5. The commissioner of corrections must have access to a Department of Corrections licensed foster home according to Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021.

Subp. 6. **Limited licensure.** A license holder may be licensed through only one Minnesota-licensed child placing agency or county social services agency at a time. A license holder must not be licensed at the same time by both the Department of Human Services and the Department of Corrections. A license holder must not simultaneously hold a relative foster care emergency license issued according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.035, and a separate foster family setting license issued under this chapter.

Subp. 7. **Notice of changes in household conditions.** The license holder must immediately notify the licensing agency of foster home and foster family or household member changes that affect the terms of the license or the ability of the license holder to provide care to children.

Subp. 8. **Roomers and boarders.** A license holder must not have adult roomers or boarders in the foster home without the licensing agency's approval. Roomers or boarders are subject to an applicant background study according to part 2960.3060, subpart 2.

Subp. 9. **Variance standards.** A license applicant or license holder may request, in writing, a variance from rule requirements that do not affect the health, safety, or rights of the child or others. The commissioner of human services or corrections may grant variances according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 9. A variance request must include:

- A. the part or parts of the rule for which a variance is sought;
- B. the reason why a variance from the specified provision is sought;
- C. the period of time for which a variance is requested;
- D. written approval from the fire marshal, building inspector, or health authority when the variance request is for a variance from a fire, building, or health code; and
- E. alternative equivalent measures the foster care applicant or license holder will take to ensure the health and safety of children if the variance is granted. The decision of the commissioner of human services or corrections to grant or deny a variance request is final and not subject to appeal under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

Subp. 10. **Other licenses.** A license holder cannot concurrently hold a license for family child care or adult family foster care without a variance from the licensing agency.

Subp. 11. **Denial of license.** The commissioner of human services or corrections shall deny a license if the applicant fails to fully comply with laws or rules governing the program or fails to cooperate with a placing or licensing agency. Failure to fully comply shall be indicated by:

- A. documentation of specific foster home deficiencies that may endanger the health or safety of children;
- B. failure to be approved by fire, building, zoning, or health officials;
- C. documentation of a disqualification of the applicant for licensure or relicensure, or the controlling individual regarding a background study which has not been set aside; or
- D. any other evidence that the applicant is not in compliance with applicable laws or rules governing the program.

Subp. 12. **Department of Corrections licensed foster homes.** Foster homes licensed by the Department of Corrections under chapter 2925 and Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021, subdivision 2, at the time of the adoption of this chapter, may continue to be licensed as foster homes by the Department of Corrections, acting as the licensing agency. Foster homes that are licensed by the Department of Corrections must meet the standards in parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340. The Department of Corrections will use the standards in this part to issue or deny a foster care license.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211*

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2960.3030 CAPACITY LIMITS.

Subpart 1. **Maximum foster children allowed.** A foster home must have no more than six foster children. The maximum number of children allowed in a home is eight, including a foster parent's own children. The license holder must maintain a ratio of one adult for each five children.

Subp. 2. **Capacity limits.** The capacity limits in items A to C apply to foster homes.

A. A foster home must have no more than three children who are under two years of age or who are nonambulatory, unless the license holder maintains a ratio of at least one adult present when children are present for every three children under two years of age or children who are nonambulatory.

B. A foster home must have no more than four foster children at one time if any of the children have severe or profound developmental disabilities, have severe emotional disturbance, or is a person assisted by medical technology.

C. The number of foster children a foster home may accept must be limited based on the factors in subitems (1) to (5):

(1) the license holder's ability to supervise, considering the adult-to-child ratio in the home;

(2) the license holder's training, experience, and skills related to child care;

(3) the structural characteristics of the home;

(4) the license holder's ability to assist children in the home during emergencies; and

(5) the characteristics of the foster children, including age, disability, and emotional problems.

Subp. 3. **Exceptions to capacity limits.** A variance may be granted to allow up to eight foster children in addition to the license holder's own children if the conditions in items A to E are met:

A. placement is necessary to keep a sibling group together, to keep a child in the child's home community, or is necessary because the foster child was formerly living in the home and it would be in the child's best interest to be placed there again;

B. there is no risk of harm to the children currently in the home;

C. the structural characteristics of the home, including sleeping space, can accommodate the additional foster children;

D. the home remains in compliance with applicable zoning, health, fire, and building codes; and

E. the statement of intended use states the conditions for the exception to capacity limits and explains how the license holder will maintain a ratio of adults to children which ensures the safety and appropriate supervision of all the children in the foster home. A foster home licensed by the Department of Corrections need not meet the requirement in item A.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211; L 2005 c 56 s 2*

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2960.3040 FOSTER HOME PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT.

Subpart 1. **Fire, health, building, and zoning codes.** The foster home must comply with applicable fire, health, building, and zoning codes.

Subp. 2. **Sleeping space.** A foster child must be provided with a separate bed suitably sized for the child, except that two siblings of the same sex may share a double bed. A foster child must not be assigned sleeping space in a building, apartment, trailer, or other structure that is separate from the foster family home or in an unfinished attic, an unfinished basement, or a hall or any other room normally used for purposes other than sleeping. Bedrooms that are used by foster children must have two exits.

Subp. 3. **Space for belongings.** A foster child must have an identified space for clothing and personal possessions with cabinets, closets, shelves, or hanging space sufficient to accommodate clothing and personal possessions.

Subp. 4. **Dining area.** The dining area must be able to accommodate, at one time, all persons residing in the home.

Subp. 5. **Construction or remodeling.** Changes in a foster home resulting from construction or remodeling must meet applicable building codes. The license holder must notify the licensing agency of changes to the licensed setting resulting from construction if those changes affect a licensing requirement.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211*

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2960.3050 FOSTER HOME SAFETY.

Subpart 1. **Inspection by licensing agency.** Prior to licensure, the foster home must be inspected by a licensing agency employee using the home safety checklist from the commissioner of human services. The applicant must correct deficiencies in the foster home which were identified by the agency. The licensing agency may require a health inspection if the foster home's condition could present a risk to the health of a foster child.

Subp. 2. **Fire code inspections required.** If one of the conditions in items A to E exist, the foster home must document inspection and approval of the foster home according to Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.011, and the Uniform Fire Code by the state fire marshal or a local fire code inspector who is approved by the state fire marshal:

- A. the foster home contains a freestanding solid fuel heating appliance;
- B. the foster home is a manufactured home as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 327B.01, subdivision 13, and was manufactured before June 15, 1976;
- C. the licensing agency identifies a potential hazard in a single-family detached home, or a mixed or multiple-occupancy building;
- D. the home is to be licensed for four or more foster children; or
- E. the foster home has a foster child sleeping in a room that is 50 percent or more below ground level.

Subp. 3. **Emergency procedures.** The license holder must give the licensing agency a floor plan of the foster home showing emergency evacuation routes. Emergency procedures must include a plan for care of children, evacuation, temporary shelter, and gathering at a meeting place to determine if anyone is missing. The plan must specifically address the needs of children whose behavior increases the risk of having a fire. The foster parent must give the emergency procedures to the agency, and the foster parent and licensing agency must review the emergency procedures during relicensure.

Subp. 4. **Pets.** A foster home serving children less than six years of age must not keep reptiles, chickens, or ducks as pets. A foster home serving children six years of age and older that keeps reptiles, chickens, or ducks as pets must require a thorough hand washing following the handling of the animal, its food, and anything the animal has touched. Pets in family residences must be immunized and maintained as required by local ordinances and state law.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211*

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2960.3060 LICENSE HOLDER QUALIFICATIONS.

Subpart 1. **Experience.** The prospective license holder must agree to cooperate with the licensing agency and:

A. have at least the equivalent of two years of full-time experience caring for or working with the issues presented by the children they will care for, whether they are the license holder's own children or other children;

B. agree to receive training in child care and development as needed in order to meet the individual needs of the children placed in the foster home;

C. be related to the child needing foster care; or

D. be an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact.

Subp. 2. **Background study.** A license holder and individuals identified in Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.021 and 245A.04, subdivision 3, must submit to a background study.

A. Background checks conducted by the Department of Human Services must be conducted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 3.

B. Background checks conducted by the Department of Corrections must be conducted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 241.021, subdivision 6.

Subp. 3. **Personal characteristics of applicants.** The applicant must comply with the requirements of items A to G.

A. The applicant must be at least 21 years old at the time of application.

B. The applicant and household members must provide a signed statement which indicates that they are receiving all necessary medical care, do not pose a risk to the child's health, and are physically able to care for foster children and indicate any limitations the applicant and household members may have.

C. The applicant and adult household members must sign a statement that they have been free of chemical use problems for the past two years.

D. The applicant must help the licensing agency obtain at least three letters of reference that provide information about the license holder's support system, the observed license holder's interactions with children, and the ability of the license holder and foster family to accept different points of view.

E. The applicant must help the licensing agency get previous foster care studies completed on the applicant by any other agency to which the applicant has applied for foster care licensure.

F. The licensing agency must make a determination as to whether a prospective license holder and foster parent can provide appropriate structure and is suitable to be licensed if a prospective license holder or foster parent has had either of the following:

(1) a child for whom the applicant is legally responsible was removed from the applicant's home and placed in foster care, a correctional facility, or a residential treatment center for severe emotional disturbance under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260C, within one year prior to the date of application; or

(2) the applicant has a child in voluntary foster care under Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.193, 260C.201, 260C.227, or 260D.11.

G. The licensing agency may consult with a specialist in such areas as health, mental health, or chemical dependency to evaluate the abilities of the applicant to provide a safe environment for foster children. The licensing agency and the specialist must evaluate each applicant individually. The licensing agency must request a release of information from the applicant prior to assigning the specialist to evaluate the applicant. The licensing agency must tell the applicant why it is using a specialist to evaluate the applicant.

Subp. 4. **Home study of applicant.** The applicant must cooperate with a home study conducted by the licensing agency. At a minimum, there must be one in-home interview and documented interviews with all household members over seven years of age. The home study must be completed using the commissioner of human services' designated format. The applicant must demonstrate the ability to:

A. provide consistent supervision, positive and constructive discipline, and care and training to contribute to the foster child's well-being;

B. understand the licensing agency's programs and goals;

C. work within agency and state policies;

D. share responsibility for the foster child's well-being with the foster child's social worker, school, and legal parents;

E. actively support the foster child's racial or ethnic background, culture, and religion, and respect the child's sexual orientation;

F. accept the foster child's relationship with the child's family and relatives and to support visitation and family reunification efforts;

G. have a current network of support that may include extended family, and neighborhood, cultural, and community ties that the applicant can use to strengthen the applicant's abilities, and for support and help;

H. meet the foster child's special needs, if any, including medical needs, disabilities, or emotional disturbance;

I. deal with anger, sorrow, frustration, conflict, and other emotions in a manner that will build positive interpersonal relationships rather than in a way that could be emotionally or physically destructive to other persons; and

J. nurture children, be mature and demonstrate an ability to comply with the foster child's care plan, and meet the needs of foster children in the applicant's care.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211; L 2012 c 216 art 6 s 13*

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2960.3070 FOSTER PARENT TRAINING.

Subpart 1. **Orientation.** A nonrelative foster parent must complete a minimum of six hours of orientation before admitting a foster child. Orientation is required for relative foster parents who will be licensed as a child's foster parents. Orientation for relatives must be completed within 30 days following the initial placement. The foster parent's orientation must include items A to E:

A. emergency procedures, including evacuation routes, emergency telephone numbers, severe storm and tornado procedures, and location of alarms and equipment;

B. relevant laws and rules, including, but not limited to, chapter 9560; Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245A, 260, and 260C; and Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556; and legal issues and reporting requirements;

C. cultural diversity, gender sensitivity, culturally specific services, cultural competence, and information about discrimination and racial bias issues to ensure that caregivers will be culturally competent to care for foster children according to Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.212, subdivision 11;

D. information about the role and responsibilities of the foster parent in the development and implementation of the case plan and in court and administrative reviews of the child's placement; and

E. requirements of the licensing agency.

Subp. 2. **In-service training.** Each foster parent must complete a minimum of 12 hours of training per year in one or more of the areas in this subpart or in other areas as agreed upon by the licensing agency and the foster parent. If the foster parent has not completed the required annual training at the time of relicensure and does not show good cause why the training was not completed, the foster parent may not accept new foster children until the training is completed. The nonexclusive list of topics in items A to Z provides examples of in-service training topics that could be useful to a foster parent:

A. cultural competence and transcultural placements;

B. adoption and permanency;

C. crisis intervention, including suicide prevention;

D. sexual offender behaviors;

E. children's psychological, spiritual, cultural, sexual, emotional, intellectual, and social development;

F. legal issues including liability;

G. foster family relationships with placing agencies and other service providers;

- H. first aid and life-sustaining treatment such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
- I. preparing foster children for independent living;
- J. parenting children who suffered physical, emotional, or sexual abuse or domestic violence;
- K. chemical dependency, and signs or symptoms of alcohol and drug abuse;
- L. mental health and emotional disturbance issues;
- M. Americans with Disabilities Act and Individuals With Disabilities Education Act;
- N. caring for children with disabilities and disability-related issues regarding developmental disabilities, emotional and behavioral disorders, and specific learning disabilities;
- O. privacy issues of foster children;
- P. physical and nonphysical behavior guidance, crisis de-escalation, and discipline techniques, including how to handle aggression for specific age groups and specific issues such as developmental disabilities, chemical dependency, emotional disturbances, learning disabilities, and past abuse;
- Q. birth families and reunification;
- R. effects of foster care on foster families;
- S. home safety;
- T. emergency procedures;
- U. child and family wellness;
- V. sexual orientation;
- W. disability bias and discrimination;
- X. management of sexual perpetration, violence, bullying, and exploitative behaviors;
- Y. medical technology-dependent or medically fragile conditions; and
- Z. separation, loss, and attachment.

Subp. 3. **Medical equipment training.** Foster parents who care for children who rely on medical equipment to sustain life or monitor a medical condition must meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.155.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

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2960.3080 PLACEMENT, CONTINUED STAY, AND DISCHARGE.

Subpart 1. **Placement criteria.** Foster care placement is governed by the statement of intended use developed by the licensing agency and the license holder. The license holder may decline to accept a foster child without a stated reason. The requirements of parts 2960.0510 to 2960.0530 do not apply if the foster home serves as an emergency shelter home.

Subp. 2. **Screening.** The license holder must cooperate with the placing agency to ensure that the child's needs are identified and addressed.

Subp. 3. **Child's property.** The foster child must be allowed to bring personal possessions, as agreed upon between the child, the child's parent, the placing agency, and the license holder, to the foster home and must be allowed to accumulate possessions to the extent the home is able to accommodate them.

Subp. 4. **Information about foster children.** Before placement or within five days following placement, the placing agency shall give the license holder written information in items A to K about the child:

- A. the child's placement history summary;
- B. name and nicknames;
- C. date of birth;
- D. gender;
- E. name, address, and telephone number of the child's parents, guardian, and advocate;
- F. race or cultural heritage of the child, including tribal affiliation, if any;
- G. description of the child's presenting problems, including medical problems, circumstances leading to placement, mental health concerns, safety concerns including assaultive behavior, and victimization concerns;
- H. description of assets and strengths of the child and, if available, related information from the child, child's family, including siblings, and concerned persons in the child's life;
- I. name, address, and telephone number of the contact person for the last educational program the child attended, if applicable;
- J. spiritual or religious affiliation of the child and the child's family; and
- K. information about the child's medication and diet needs and the identities of the child's recent health care providers.

The child's placing agency shall update the information in items A to K as new information becomes available.

Subp. 5. **Cooperation required.** The license holder must cooperate with the child's placing agency according to items A and B.

A. The license holder must provide basic services to the child.

B. The license holder must cooperate with the child's case manager and other appropriate parties to develop and implement the child's case plan during the child's stay in the foster home. The license holder shall cooperate in the following areas:

(1) identify and share information, if appropriate, with persons who are directly involved in the child's treatment plan and tell those persons about major treatment outcomes the child will achieve while in the home, including attaining developmentally appropriate life skills that the child needs to become functional in the community;

(2) report the child's behaviors and other important information to the placing agency and others as indicated in the child's case plan;

(3) recommend changes in the child's case plan to the case manager if needed;

(4) give the placing agency additional significant information about the foster child as it becomes known;

(5) facilitate the child's school attendance and enroll the child in a local school district or, if appropriate, the child's district of residence;

(6) provide a child with timely access to basic, emergency, and specialized medical, mental health, and dental care and treatment services by qualified persons; and

(7) maintain a record of illness reported by the child, action taken by the foster parent, and the date of the child's medical, psychological, or dental care.

Subp. 6. **Foster child services.** The license holder must:

A. work with the child's placing agency and child's parents to develop a plan to identify and meet a foster child's immediate needs. The license holder must collaborate with the placing agency to provide the basic services to the child;

B. encourage age-appropriate activities, exercise, and recreation for the foster child;

C. seek consultation or direction from the placing agency if issues arise that cannot be resolved between the license holder and the foster child;

D. explain house rules and tell the foster child about the license holder's expectations about behavior, the care of household items, and the treatment of others; and

E. know the whereabouts of the child in the license holder's care. The license holder must be guided by the case plan or court order in determining how closely to supervise the child. The license holder must immediately notify the placing agency if the child runs away or is missing.

Subp. 7. **Foster child diet.** A foster child must be provided food and beverages that are palatable, of adequate quantity and variety, served at appropriate temperatures, and have sufficient nutritional value to promote the child's health. If the child has a medically prescribed diet, then the license holder must provide the diet as ordered by a physician or other licensed health care provider.

Subp. 8. **Discipline.** The license holder must consider the child's abuse history and developmental, cultural, disability, and gender needs when deciding the disciplinary action to be taken with the child. Disciplinary action must be in keeping with the license holder's discipline policy. The discipline policy must include the requirements in items A and B.

A. Children must not be subjected to:

(1) corporal punishment, including, but not limited to: rough handling, shoving, ear or hair pulling, shaking, slapping, kicking, biting, pinching, hitting, throwing objects at the child, or spanking;

(2) verbal abuse, including, but not limited to: name calling; derogatory statements about the child or child's family, race, gender, disability, sexual orientation, religion, or culture; or statements intended to shame, threaten, humiliate, or frighten the child;

(3) punishment for lapses in toilet habits, including bed wetting or soiling;

(4) withholding of basic needs, including, but not limited to: a nutritious diet, drinking water, clothing, hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, proper lighting, educational services, exercise activities, ventilation and proper temperature, mail, family visits, positive reinforcement, nurturing, or medical care. However, a child who destroys bedding or clothing, or uses these or other items to hurt the child's self or others, may be deprived of such articles according to the child's case plan;

(5) assigning work that is dangerous or not consistent with the child's case plan;

(6) disciplining one child for the unrelated behavior or action of another, except for the imposition of restrictions on the child's peer group as part of a recognized treatment program;

(7) restrictions on a child's communications beyond the restrictions specified in the child's treatment plan or case plan, unless the restriction is approved by the child's case manager; and

(8) requirements to assume uncomfortable or fixed positions for an extended length of time, or to march, stand, or kneel as punishment.

B. The license holder:

- (1) must not require a child to punish other children;
- (2) must follow the child's case plan regarding discipline;
- (3) must not use mechanical restraints or seclusion, as defined in part 2960.3010, subpart 38, with a foster child;
- (4) must ensure that the duration of time-out is appropriate to the age of the child; and
- (5) must meet the requirements of part 9525.2700, subpart 2, item F, regarding the use of aversive or deprivation procedures with a foster child with a developmental disability.

Subp. 9. **Visitation and communication.** The license holder must follow the visitation and communication plan in a foster child's case plan, which was developed by the placing agency and child's parents, or required by court order. In the absence of a case plan or court order regarding visitation, the license holder must work with the placing agency and the child's parents to jointly develop a visitation plan.

Subp. 10. **Complaints and grievances.** The license holder must work with the licensing agency to develop written complaint and grievance procedures for foster children. The procedures must meet at least the following requirements:

A. the agency or license holder must tell the child and the child's parent or legal representative about the complaint and grievance procedures and upon request give the child or the child's parent or legal representative a copy of the procedures and any forms needed to complain or grieve;

B. the license holder must notify the placing and licensing agency about a written complaint or grievance and the resolution of the complaint or grievance; and

C. a license holder's response to a complaint or grievance that alleges abuse or neglect must meet the requirements of the Maltreatment of Minors Act, Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556.

Subp. 11. **Discharge.** The license holder must work with the child's placing agency to ensure a planned discharge and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.212, subdivision 3. Before an unplanned discharge, the license holder must confer with other interested persons to review the issues involved in the decision. During this review process, which must not exceed 30 days, the license holder must determine whether the license holder, treatment team, if any, interested persons, and the child can develop additional

strategies to resolve the issues leading to the discharge and to permit the child an opportunity to continue to receive services from the license holder. If the review indicates that the decision to discharge is warranted, the reasons for it and the alternatives considered or attempted must be documented. A child may be temporarily removed from the foster home during the review period if the child is a danger to self or others. This subpart does not apply to a child removed by the placing authority or a parent or guardian.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211; L 2005 c 56 s 2*

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2960.3090 RESPITE AND SUBSTITUTE CARE FOR FAMILY SETTINGS.

Subpart 1. **Notice requirements.** In nonemergency situations, the license holder, parent, and placing agency must agree on respite care and substitute care arrangements within ten working days prior to the use of respite care or substitute care or must agree on respite care according to an ongoing written agreement. In an emergency that may require the use of respite or substitute care, the license holder must notify the placing agency of the emergency as soon as possible. The license holder must notify the placing agency when respite care or long-term substitute care is being provided.

Subp. 2. **Qualifications of long-term substitute caregiver.** A substitute caregiver must:

- A. be at least 18 years of age;
- B. have completed a background study within the past 12 months;
- C. have no statutory or rule disqualification;
- D. if providing more than 30 cumulative days of substitute care in a 12-month period:
 - (1) submit a signed statement attesting to good health and being physically able to care for foster children; and
 - (2) have at least six hours of training or 20 hours of experience in caring for children with the particular needs of the foster children to be cared for; and
- E. provide documentation of medical equipment training on the equipment used to care for the foster child from an appropriate training source.

Subp. 3. **Short-term substitute caregiver.** As used in parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340, "short-term substitute care" means less than 72 hours of continuous care for a child. A short-term substitute caregiver does not have to meet the requirements of subpart 2. However, the foster parent and the placing agency must agree that the short-term substitute caregiver is able to meet the needs of the foster child. The short-term substitute caregiver must provide documentation of medical equipment training on the equipment used to care for the foster child from an appropriate training source.

Subp. 4. **Information to respite caregiver.** The license holder must give a respite care provider the information in items A to D related to the foster child's health, safety, and welfare:

- A. information about the foster child's emotional, behavioral, medical, and physical condition;
- B. any medication the foster child takes;
- C. the foster child's daily routine and schedule; and

D. the names and telephone numbers of individuals to contact in case of emergency and information about medical providers and how to obtain medical care for the child.

Subp. 5. **Information to substitute caregivers.** The license holder must give a substitute care provider the information in subpart 4, and in items A to D:

- A. the location of a fire extinguisher and first aid supplies;
- B. emergency and fire evacuation plans;
- C. information about child abuse and mandatory reporting laws; and
- D. if an emergency occurs which involves the foster child, the substitute caregiver must notify the placing agency as soon as possible about the emergency.

Subp. 6. **Overnights and short trips.** The license holder must seek direction from the placing agency about whether or not the foster child may go on overnights or short trips outside the supervision of the license holder.

Subp. 7. **Foster residence settings.** Foster residence settings may not use respite caregivers, long-term substitute caregivers, and short-term substitute caregivers. Subparts 1 to 6 do not apply to foster residence settings.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211*

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2960.3100 RECORDS.

Subpart 1. **Foster care license records.** The license holder must cooperate with the licensing agency to ensure the agency has the following records:

- A. a copy of the application for licensure signed by the applicant;
- B. a license holder agreement form supplied by the Department of Human Services which is signed by the applicant and the agency;
- C. reports and signed statements from specialists, and signed statements from the license holder, the license holder's children, and other household members concerning the physical health of the license holder, the license holder's children, and other household members;
- D. a current completed commissioner's home safety checklist (D.S.-644) plus a written report from the fire marshal on any specific fire hazards, if required;
- E. the preclicensing home study and supporting documentation;
- F. references obtained through the licensing process;
- G. a documented annual evaluation of the licensed foster home, conducted jointly by the license holder and the licensing agency, including, at a minimum:
 - (1) a review of all foster placements in the past year and an assessment of the impact and outcomes of the placement on the child, child's family, license holder, and development and implementation of the case plan;
 - (2) a review of any comments, suggestions, or concerns raised by placing agencies and an assessment of implications for training and foster home policies or procedures;
 - (3) a review of any grievances, their outcomes, and an assessment of implications for training and foster home policies or procedures;
 - (4) a review of the ability of the license holder to care for children; and
 - (5) the development of a plan for the next year's foster care training and development;
- H. documentation for any rule variance from this chapter; and
- I. a record of training received by the license holder and staff, if any, and foster parents, including a list of training on medical equipment used to sustain life or monitor a medical condition.

Subp. 2. **Foster child records.** The license holder must keep a record for each foster child in care. The record must include the child's medical records, which includes records of illnesses and medical care provided to the child; grievance records, including

documentation of the grievance resolution; and other documentation as required by the child's case plan.

Statutory Authority: *L 1995 c 226 art 3 s 60; MS s 241.021; 245A.03; 245A.09*

History: *28 SR 211*

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